

Как быть в курсе современных концепций разработки в R

MEDIA-TEL
by devoteam

04 Февраля 2022
Шутов Илья

Ключевые составляющие успешного решения

- Четкая постановка задачи.
 - Учет специфики предметной области.
 - Подходящие математические алгоритмы.
 - Хорошие входные данные.
 - Эффективная программная реализация.
 - Доходчивый способ презентации результатов пользователю.
-
- В контексте R остановимся на вопросах реализации и алгоритмах.

Источники знаний

- Классические труды
- Специализированные книги по R
- Материалы конференций
- Документация по пакетам, README
- Сайты контрибуторов
- Твиттер
- Персональные блоги
- Курсы

Классические труды

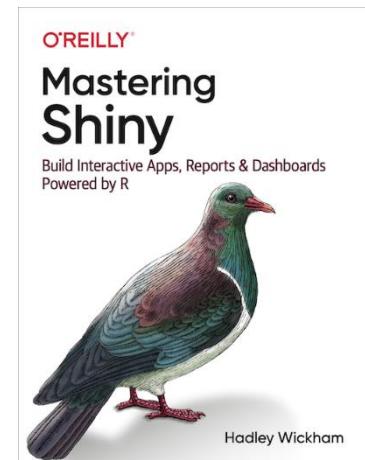
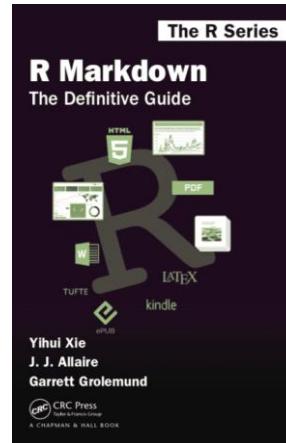
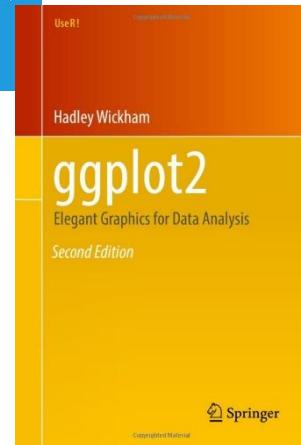
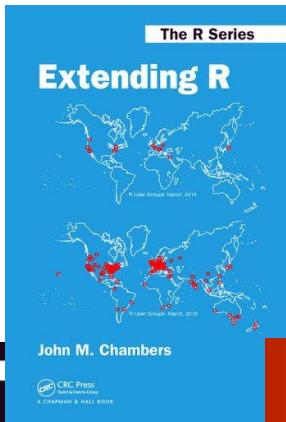
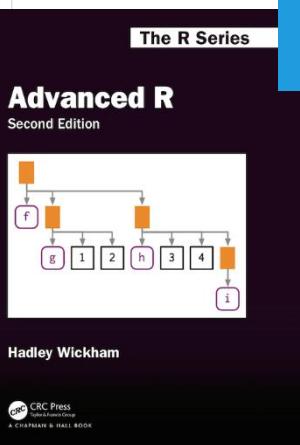
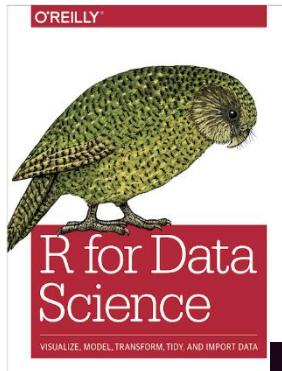
Алгоритмы



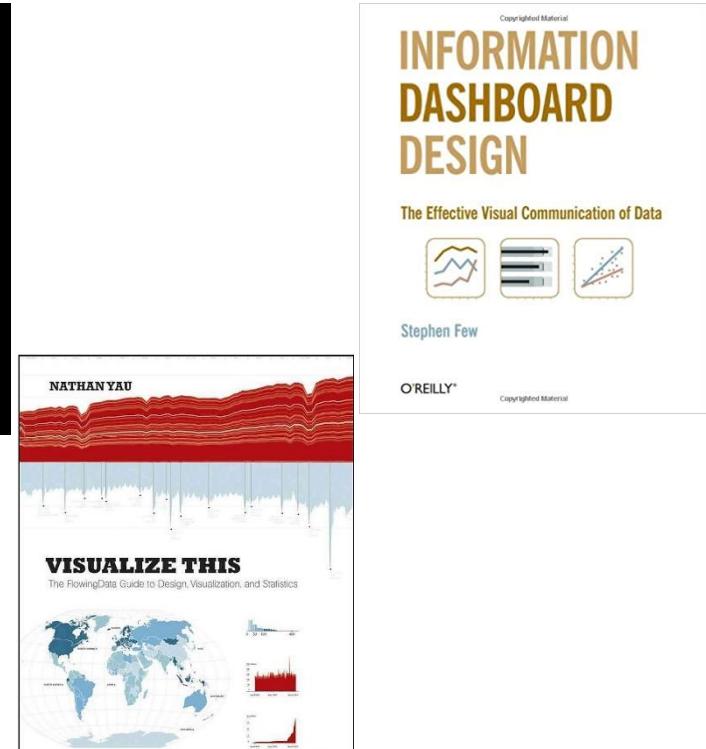
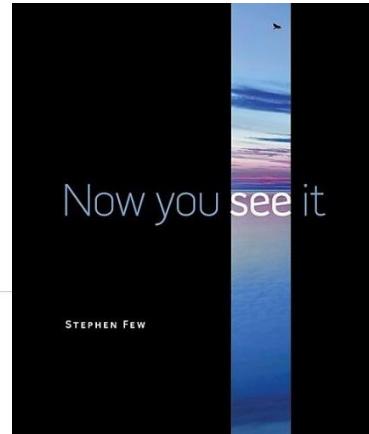
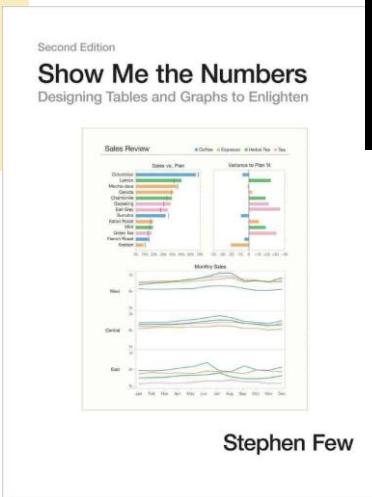
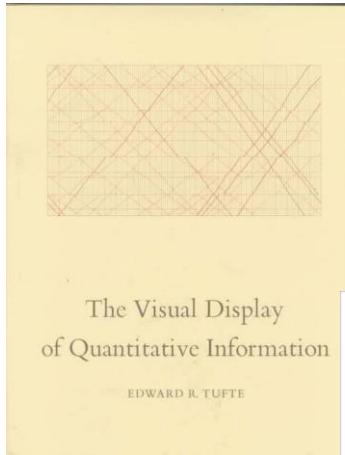
Разработка



Специализированные книги по R



Книги по визуализации данных



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BOOK SERIES

Chapman & Hall/CRC The R^T Series

About the Series

This book series reflects the recent rapid growth in the development and application of R, the programming language and software environment for statistical computing and graphics. R is now widely used in academic research, education, and industry. It is constantly growing, with new versions of the core software released regularly and more than 16,000 packages available. It is difficult for the documentation to keep pace with the expansion of the software, and this vital book series provides a forum for the publication of books covering many aspects of the development and application of R.

The scope of the series is wide, covering three main threads:

- Applications of R to specific disciplines such as biology, epidemiology, genetics, engineering, finance, and the social sciences.
- Using R for the study of topics of statistical methodology, such as linear and mixed modeling, time series, Bayesian methods,

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Using R

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Материалы конференций

Примеры крупных



consortium



Документация по пакетам / Readme / News

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for the 'data.table' package. At the top, it displays the 'master' branch and the file 'data.table / NEWS.md'. Below this is a commit history entry by 'ben-schwen' with a green checkmark, indicating a merge of pull request #5235. It also shows the latest commit at '8b257b8' on '9 Dec 2021' and a 'History' link. A section for '62 contributors' is shown with small profile icons. The file itself contains 2066 lines (1337 sloc) and is 236 KB in size. The bottom of the screenshot shows the content of the NEWS.md file, which includes a note about viewing on CRAN, benchmarking information, and a heading for 'data.table v1.14.3 (in development)'.

If you are viewing this file on CRAN, please check [latest news on GitHub](#) where the formatting is also better.

Benchmarks are regularly updated: [here](#)

data.table v1.14.3 (in development)

NEW FEATURES

1. `nafill()` now applies `fill=` to the front/back of the vector when `type="locf|nocb"`, [#3594](#). Thanks to @ben519 for the feature request. It also now returns a named object based on the input names. Note that if you are considering joining and then using `nafill(...,type='locf|nocb')` afterwards, please review `roll=` / `rollends=` which should achieve the same result in one step more efficiently. `nafill()` is for filling-while-joining (i.e. `roll=` / `rollends=` / `nomatch=`) cannot be applied.
2. `mean(na.rm=TRUE)` by group is now GForce optimized, [#4849](#). Thanks to the [h2oai/db-benchmark](#) project for spotting this issue. The 1 billion row example in the issue shows 48s reduced to 14s. The optimization also applies to type `integer64` resulting in a difference to the `bit64::mean.integer64` method: `data.table` returns a `double` result whereas `bit64` rounds the mean to the nearest integer.
3. `fwrite()` now writes UTF-8 or native csv files by specifying the `encoding=` argument, [#1770](#). Thanks to @shrektan for the request and the PR.
4. `data.table()` no longer fills empty vectors with `NA` with warning. Instead a 0-row `data.table` is returned, [#3727](#). Since `data.table()` is used internally by `.()`, this brings the following examples in line with expectations in most cases. Thanks to @shrektan for the suggestion and PR.

Сайты значимых контрибуторов

Примеры

Tidyverse

Packages Blog Learn Help Contribute



R packages for data science

The tidyverse is an opinionated collection of R packages designed for data science. All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures.

Install the complete tidyverse with:

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
```

tidyverts

tidy tools for time series.

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Go from zero-experience to full-time data scientist WITHOUT spending years learning data science.

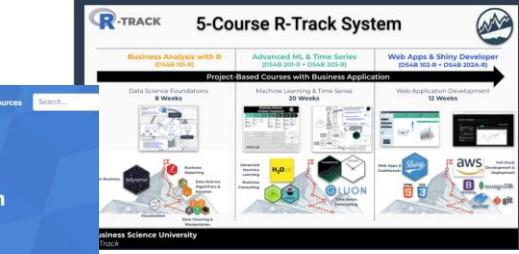
R-TRACK 5-Course R-Track System

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Data Science Foundations 8 Weeks Machine Learning & Time Series 20 Weeks Web Application Development 12 Weeks

Business Science University Track



tidyverts

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View	View	View

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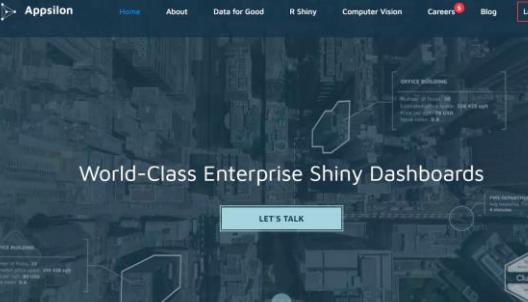
Let's Talk

World-Class Enterprise Shiny Dashboards

OFFICE BUILDINGS
Leverage our real estate data to build dashboards for your business. Our dashboards are built with R Shiny and can be deployed to any web browser.

VEHICLE BUILDINGS
Our vehicle data is used to build dashboards for insurance companies, car manufacturers, and more. Our dashboards are built with R Shiny and can be deployed to any web browser.

CLASH



Futureverse

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Futureverse

A Unifying Parallelization Framework in R for Everyone



The `future` framework makes it easy to parallelize existing R code - often with only a minor change of code. The goal is to lower the barriers so that anyone can safely speed up their existing R code in a worry-free manner. As it is a cross-platform solution that requires no additional setups or technical skills, anyone can be up and running within a few minutes.

The `future` framework removes common hurdles and protects against pitfalls that often come from adding parallelism. Instead of leaving it to the developers and end-users to be aware of and deal with these problems, they are handled at the core of the highly-validated `future` ecosystem. Just as with sequential R code, output, messages, warnings, and errors work as expected and can be handled using traditional R techniques - regardless how the code is parallelized.

It is designed so that you as a developer can stay with your favorite coding style, maybe it is base R or `tidyverse`. If you like base R `apply()` there is a corresponding `future_1apply()` in the `future.apply` package and if you like `tidyverse purrr`

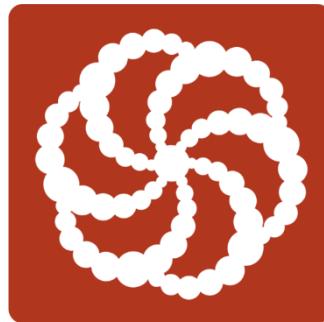
Твиттер

Да-да, все западные персоны там!

Appsilon [@appsilon]; Wes McKinney [@wesmckinn]; Daily R Cheatsheets [@daily_r_sheets]; easystats [@easystats4u]; One R Package a Day [@RLangPackage]; R Function A Day [@rfunctionaday]; Garrick Aden-Buie [@grrrck]; R Consortium [@RConsortium]; Matt Dancho (Business Science) [@mdancho84]; Arun Srinivasan [@arun_sriniv]; rdatatable [@rdatatable]; Mark van der Loo [@markvdloo]; Miles McBain [@MilesMcBain]; Joe Cheng [@jcheng]; The R Foundation @_R_Foundation; Bioconductor [@Bioconductor]; Max Kuhn [@topepos]; bòB Ruðís [@hrbrmstr]; We are R-Ladies [@WeAreRLadies]; Colin Fay @_ColinFay; Julia Silge [@juliasilge]; R-Ladies Global [@RLadiesGlobal]; Thomas Lin Pedersen [@thomasp85]; Dean Attali [@daattali]; Jim Hester [@jimhester_]; Dirk Eddelbuettel [@eddelbuettel]; rOpenSci [@rOpenSci]; Karl Broman [@kwbroman]; One R Tip a Day [@RLangTip]; Yihui Xie [@xieyihui]; RStudio Tips [@rstudiotips]; Garrett Grolemund [@StatGarrett]; RStudio Daily NEWS [@rstudiodialy]; Hadley Wickham [@hadleywickham]; Jenny Bryan [@JennyBryan]; David Robinson [@drob]; Mara Averick [@dataandme]; Noam Ross [@noamross]; Rstats [@rstatstweet]; Shiny Developer Series [@shinydevseries]; Tom Mock [@thomas_mock]; Daniel Lemire [@lemire]; R Weekly [@rweekly_org]; H2O.ai [@h2oai]; Winston Chang [@winston_chang]; Matt Dowle [@MattDowle]

Персональные блоги / Курсы

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